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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF FINANCE
(DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE)

8th Floor, World Trade Centre, Centre - I, Cuffe Parade,
Mumbai-400 005

F.No. 373/41/B/14-RA |

Date of Issue 10.04.2018

ORDER NO. 163/2018-CUS (SZ) / ASRA / MUMBAI/ DATED 28.03.2018 OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA PASSED BY SHRI ASHOK KUMAR MEHTA , PRINCIPAL COMMISSIONER & EX-OFFICIO ADDITIONAL SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, UNDER SECTION 129DD OF THE CUSTOMS ACT, 1962.

Applicant : Shri Ariyasena

Respondent : Commissioner of Customs(Airport), Chennai.

Subject : Revision Application filed, under Section 129DD of the Customs Act, 1962 against the Order-in-Appeal C.Cus No. 197/2014 dated 11.02.2014 passed by the Commissioner of Customs (Appeals) Chennai.



ORDER

This revision application has been filed by Shri Ariyasena (herein after referred to as the Applicant) against the order no C. Cus No. 197/2014 dated 11.02.2014 passed by the Commissioner of Customs (Appeals), Chennai.

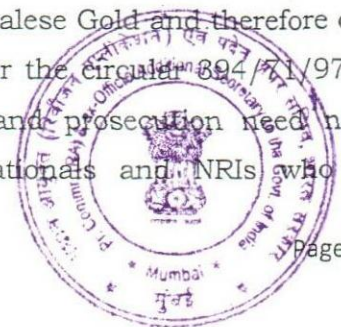
2. Briefly stated the facts of the case are that the applicant, a Sri Lankan national arrived at the Chennai Airport on 23.09.2012. He was intercepted while proceeding towards the exit without declaration at the Red Channel. Examination of his baggage and person resulted in the recovery of a gold chain totally weighing 71.4 gms totally valued at Rs. 2,03,186/- (Two Lacs Three thousand one hundred and eighty six). After due process of the law vide Order-In-Original No. 299/ Batch A dated 19.03.2013, Original Adjudicating Authority confiscated the gold chain referred to above under section 111(d) and 111(l) of the Customs Act, 1962 read with section 3(3) of the Foreign trade (D &R) Act, 1992. But allowed redemption on payment of redemption fine of Rs. 1,02,000/-. A Penalty of Rs.21,000/- under Section 112 (a) of the Customs Act, 1962 was also imposed on the Applicant.

3. Aggrieved by this order the Applicant filed an appeal with the Commissioner of Customs (Appeals) Chennai. The Commissioner of Customs (Appeals) Chennai, vide his Order in Appeal C.Cus No. 197/2014 dated 11.02.2014 rejected the appeal of the applicant.

4. The applicant has filed this Revision Application inter alia on the grounds that;

4.1 The order of the Commissioner (Appeals) is against law, weight of evidence and circumstances and probabilities of the case; he was all along under the control of the Customs officers at the red channel and had not crossed the green channel; The declaration of the gold chain was made by the Applicant and handed over to the officers; the Applicant also orally declared and showed the gold chain having seen the chain the question of declaration does not arise, therefore the respondents should have allowed the gold chain for re-export; he is not a frequent traveller; Being a foreign citizen the question of eligibility does not arise;

4.2 The Applicant further pleaded that there was no ingenious concealment of the gold; having declared and shown the gold section 111 (d), (l), (m) and (o) is not Attracted; Being a Sri Lankan he only knows Sinhalese Gold and therefore could not understand or express himself properly; as per the circular 894/71/97-CUS (AS) GOI dated 22.06.1999 states that arrest and prosecution need not be considered in routine in respect of foreign nationals and NRIs who have



inadvertently not declared; the Applicant also pleaded that the CBEC circular 9/2001 gives specific directions stating that a declaration should not be left blank, if not filled in the Officer should help the passenger to fill in the declaration card, such an exercise was not conducted by the officers; the worn gold jewelry should have been allowed for re-export without redemption fine and penalty. But the officers proceeded to detain the jewelry because it was not declared; the gold was not concealed in an ingenious manner.

4.2 The Revision Applicant cited various assorted judgments and boards policies in support of his case and prayed for reduction of redemption fine and reduced personal penalty.

5. A personal hearing in the case was held on 07.03.2018, the Advocate for the respondent Shri Palanikumar attended the hearing he re-iterated the submissions filed in Revision Application and cited the decisions of GOI/Tribunals where option for re-export of gold was allowed. Nobody from the department attended the personal hearing.

6. The Government has gone through the facts of the case. The Applicant is a foreign national and not eligible to bring gold into India. Every tourist has to comply with the laws prevailing in the country visited. If a tourist is caught circumventing the law, he must face the consequences had he not been intercepted he would have gone without paying the requisite duty, under the circumstances confiscation of the gold is justified.

7. However, the facts of the case state that the Applicant was intercepted before he exited the Green Channel. Government observes that the gold was worn by the Applicant and the same could be seen with the naked eye. The Applicant claims that he voluntarily declared the gold in his declaration. There was no ingenious concealment of the goods. The CBEC Circular 09/2001 gives specific directions to the Customs officer in case the declaration form is incomplete/not filled up, the proper Customs officer should help the passenger record the oral declaration on the Disembarkation Card and only thereafter should countersign/stamp the same, after taking the passenger's signature. Thus, mere non-submission of the declaration cannot be held against the Applicant, moreso because he is a foreigner. In view of the above facts, the Government is of the opinion that a lenient view can be taken in the matter. The Applicant has pleaded for re-export on reduced Redemption fine and penalty and Government is inclined to accept the plea. The Order in Appeal therefore is liable to be modified

8. Government allows redemption of the confiscated gold chain weighing 71.4 gms totally valued at Rs. 2,03,186/- (Rupees Two lacs Three thousand One hundred and eighty six) is reduced from 1,02,000/- (Rupees One lac two thousand)to Rs. 75,000/- (Seventy five thousand) under section 125 of the Customs Act, 1962. Government also observes that the facts of the case justify slight reduction in the penalty imposed. The penalty imposed on the Applicant is therefore reduced from Rs. 75,000/- (Rupees Seventy Five thousand) to Rs 50,000/- (Rupees Fifty thousand) under section 112(a) of the Customs Act, 1962.

9. The impugned Order in Appeal stands modified to that extent. Revision application is partly allowed on above terms.

10. So, ordered.

(Handwritten Signature)
28/03/18

(ASHOK KUMAR MEHTA)
Principal Commissioner & ex-officio
Additional Secretary to Government of India

ORDER No. /63/2018-CUS (SZ) /ASRA/MUMBAI

DATED 28.03.2018

To,

True Copy Attested

Shri Ariyasena
C/o S. Palanikumar, Advocate,
No. 10, Sunkurama Chetty Street,
Opp High Court, 2nd Floor,
Chennai 600 001.

(Handwritten Signature)
SANKARSAN MUNDA
Asstt. Commissioner of Custom & C. Ex.

Copy to:

1. The Commissioner of Customs, Airport, Chennai.
2. Commissioner of Customs (Appeals) Chennai
3. Sr. P.S. to AS (RA), Mumbai.
4. Guard File.
5. Spare Copy.

