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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF FINANCE
(DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE)

8th Floor, World Trade Centre, Centre - I, Cuffe Parade,
Mumbai-400 005

F.No. 373/311/B/14-RA | 1099

Date of Issue 27/07/2018

ORDER NO. ⁴⁹²/2018-CUS (SZ) / ASRA / MUMBAI/ DATED 29.06.2018 OF
THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA PASSED BY SHRI ASHOK KUMAR MEHTA ,
PRINCIPAL COMMISSIONER & EX-OFFICIO ADDITIONAL SECRETARY TO
THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, UNDER SECTION 129DD OF THE
CUSTOMS ACT, 1962.

Applicant : Shri Roja Prasada Rao

Respondent : Commissioner of Customs(Airport), Chennai.

Subject : Revision Application filed, under Section 129DD of the
Customs Act, 1962 against the Order-in-Appeal C. Cus
No. 1167/2014 dated 03.07.2014 passed by the
Commissioner of Customs (Appeals) Chennai.



ORDER

This revision application has been filed by Shri Roja Prasada Rao (herein after referred to as the Applicant) against the order no C. Cus No. 1167/2014 dated 03.07.2014 passed by the Commissioner of Customs (Appeals), Chennai.

2. Briefly stated the facts of the case is that the applicant, arrived at the Chennai Airport on 24.11.2013. He was intercepted by the officers as he attempted to walk away without declaration. Examination of his person resulted in the recovery of 6 (six) of gold bits totally weighing 600 grams valued at Rs. 17,79,600/ (Rupees Seventeen lakhs Seventy Nine thousand Six hundred) concealed in his rectum.

3. The Original Adjudicating Authority vide Order-In-Original No. 23 /2014 – Air dated 22.02.2014 ordered for absolute confiscation of the impugned gold under Section 111 (d), and (l) of the Customs Act read with Section 3 (3) of Foreign Trade (Development & Regulation) Act and imposed penalty of Rs. 1,80,000/- under Section 112 (a) of the Customs Act.

4. Aggrieved by the said order, the applicant filed appeal before the Commissioner (Appeals) who vide Order-In-Appeal No. C.Cus No. 1167/2014 dated 03.07.2014 reduced the penalty from Rs. 1,80,000/- to Rs. 90,000/- and partially allowed the appeal of the applicant.

5. The applicant has filed this Revision Application interalia on the following grounds that;

5.1 The order of the appellate authority is bad in law, weight of evidence and probabilities of the case; that both the Respondents failed to see that a true declaration was made by the Applicant and nothing was concealed or misdeclared; that the request for re-export of the gold was not considered; the value adopted by the authorities is on the higher side; that both the Respondents failed to see that the Applicant had opted for the Red Channel proving his bonafides that she has got dutiable goods. However the officers have totally ignored this and registered a case against the Applicant; that both the Respondents have



ignored orders of the High Court of judicature at Bombay has granted re-export in similar matters.

5.2 The Revision Applicant prays that the Hon'ble Revision Authority may be pleased to set aside both the lower authorities orders and set aside penalty of Rs. 90,000/- and order for re-export of the gold and thereby render justice.

6. A personal hearing in the case was scheduled to be held on 22.03.2018, the Advocate for the respondent Shri K. Mohammed Ismail in his letter dated 21.03.2018 informed that his clients are unable to send their counsel all the way to Mumbai from Chennai and requested that the personal hearing may be waived and the grounds of the Revision Application may be taken as arguments for this Revision, and decide the cases as per relief sought for in the prayer of the Revision and oblige. Nobody from the department attended the personal hearing.

7. The Government has gone through the case records it is observed that the Applicant had concealed gold bits ingeniously in his rectum so as to avoid detection and evade Customs duty and smuggle the gold into India. The aspect of allowing the gold for re-export can be considered when imports have been made in a legal manner. This is not a simple case of mis-declaration. In this case the Applicant has blatantly tried to smuggle the gold into India in contravention of the provisions of the Customs, 1962. The said offence was committed in a premeditated and clever manner and clearly indicates mensrea, and that the Applicant had no intention of declaring the gold to the authorities and if he was not intercepted before the exit, the Applicant would have taken out the gold pieces without payment of customs duty.

8. The above acts have therefore rendered the Applicant liable for penal action under section 112 (a) of the Customs Act, 1962. The Government therefore holds that the gold was rightly absolutely confiscated and imposed a penalty of Rs. 90,000/-. The Government also holds that Commissioner (Appeals) has rightly upheld the order of the original adjudicating authority.

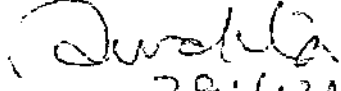
9. The Government therefore finds no reason to interfere with the Order in-Appeal. The Appellate order C. Cus. No. 1167/2014 dated 03.07.2014



passed by the Commissioner of Customs (Appeals), is upheld as legal and proper.

10. Revision Application is dismissed.

11. So, ordered.


 29.6.2018
 (ASHOK KUMAR MEHTA)
 Principal Commissioner & ex-officio
 Additional Secretary to Government of India

ORDER No. ⁴⁹² /2018-CUS (SZ) /ASRA/MUMBAI

DATED 29.06.2018

To,

Shri Roja Prasada Rao
 c/o K. Mohamed Ismail
 Advocate
 New No. 102 (old No. 271)
 Linghi Chetty Street,
 Chennai - 1

ATTESTED


SANKARSAN MUNDA
 Asstt. Commissioner of Custom & C. Ex.

Copy to:

1. The Commissioner of Customs, Anna International Airport, Chennai.
2. The Commissioner of Customs (Appeals), Custom House, Chennai.
3. Sr. P.S. to AS (RA), Mumbai.
4. Guard File.
5. Spare Copy.

